# 5. The Sanctuary

## Via di S. Luca, 36

The church standing today was built by Carlo Francesco Dotti between 1723 and 1757, as a replacement for the previous 15th century church. The two outside tribunes were completed by his son Giovanni Giacomo in 1774. In accordance with Bolognese tradition, the outside structure looks devoid of any emphatic or vigorous decorations and is characterised by the simplicity of the curved profile supporting the dome. The indoor elliptical structure broadens into a Greek cross ending with the main altar standing before the chapel of the Virgin. Among the artists whose works decorate the church are **Guido Reni** (third altar on the right), **Donato Creti** (second chapel on the right), **Giuseppe** Mazza (S. Antònio da Padova's chapel), and Guercino (high sacristy).

Tel. +39 051 6142339 www.santuariobeataverginesanluca.com





Byzantine icon dating back to the 10th-11th centuries, restored in the 12th and 13th centuries and venerated on the hill La Guardia since the end of the 12th century.

### How to get to the Sanctuary of the Madonna di San Luca

### BY PUBLIC TRANSPORT

You can get to Villa Spada by **bus 20** from the city centre (direction Casalecchio) and from there you can take **bus 58** to the Sanctuary.

### Bus 58 Villa Spada > San Luca From Monday to Saturday

7.00\*-7.30-8.00-9.00-9.30\*\*-12.00-12.30-13.00-13.30-14.00-17.00-17.30-18.00-18.30-19.00° **Sundays and Public Holidays** - from 193/b via Saragozza (opposite Villa Spada) 9.00-09.20-9.40-10.00-10.20-10.40-11.10-11.30-11.50-12.40-13.00-14.50\*\*\*-15.10-15.30-15.50-16.40-17.00-17.20\*\*\*-17.40\*\*\*-18.00\*\*\*-18.20\*\*\* San Luca > Villa Spada

### From Mon. to Saturday

7.20\*-07.50-8.20-9.20-9.50\*\*-12.20-12.50-13.20-13.50-14.20-17.20-17.50-18.20-18.50-19.20°

### **Sundays and Public Holidays**

8.50-09.10-09.30-09.50-10.10-10.30-10.50-11.20-11.40-12.00-12.30-12.50-13.10-15.00\*\*\*-15.20-15.40-16.00-16.25-16.50-17.10-17.30\*\*\*-17.50\*\*\*-18.10\*\*\*-18.30\*\*\* \* not Saturdays \*\* on Saturdays only \*\*\* on Holidays from March to October from April to September

### via A. Costa Piazza Maggiore Veloncello Porta Saragozza Saragozza 0 The Portico Museum Villa Vergine Spada and di San Luca Sanctuary of Museum of the Madonna Tapestry di San Luca 👩 🕇

CITTÀ METROPOLITANA DI BOLOGNA



www.bolognawelcome.it

**City Information Office** Piazza Maggiore 1/e Airport Information Office via Triumvirato 84

### FOR INFORMATION:

**TPER Call Center** Tel. +39 051 290 290 everyday from 7 a.m to 8 p.m. Brindisi - Ottobre 2017

### **ON FOOT**

Ragione The famous Portico starts out of Porta Saragozza and leads up to Tipografia the Sanctuary. To make it shorter reach the Meloncello Arch at the end of via Saragozza by **bus 20** from the city centre or **bus 33** from the Railway Station, get off at "Meloncello" stop and walk under the arches for about 2 Km.

### **BY TOURIST BUS / CAR**

Get to Porta Saragozza, then drive along Via Saragozza as far as Villa Spada. Turn left into via di Casaglia and follow the signs for San Luca.

### «San Luca Express»

Little tourist train with audio guide service (seasonal tourist service). Departure and arrival from Piazza Maggiore. FOR INFORMATION:

Tel. +39 051 350853 +39 366 6161319

# The Sanctuary of Madonna di San Luca Serving as the destination of many pilgrimages linked to the

devotion of the Madonna, the Sanctuary of the Madonna of San Luca is one of Bologna's most well known symbols. Situated atop Guardia Hill, the Sanctuary also serves as a reassuring visual landmark for Bolognese people returning to their town.





**Bologna Welcome** 





# 1. Museum of the Beata Vergine di San Luca

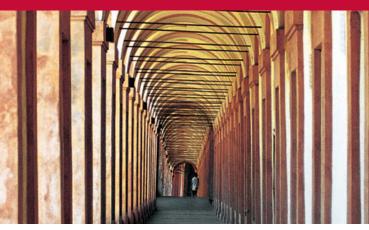
# Piazza di Porta Saragozza, 2a

The museum of the Beata Vergine di San Luca, located inside the old wall Porta Saragozza, was established in order to make Bologna's inhabitants and visitors alike aware of the devotional, historical, artistic and cultural heritage linked to the image of the **Madonna and Child**, said to be 'of San Luca', which is kept within the Sanctuary of the same name on **Guardia Hill**. The museum's location is an ancient tower-shaped wall which dates back to the 13th century. The complex, which was originally equipped with an avant-corps and a drawbridge, was entirely rebuilt in neo-medieval style in 1858 in order to make the entrance of the procession of the Madonna into Bologna more solemn. In 1859 the architect **Giuseppe Mengoni** rebuilt the medieval Cassero the way it looks now, connecting it to the two side towers by two crenellated porticos.

www.museomadonnadisanluca.it



Silver ten *paoli* coin, minted in Bologna in 1796



# 2. The Portico

Measuring 3,796 meters in length, the portico that links the Sanctuary and the town is the longest in the world. Since 1433, this portico has been providing shelter for the annual procession which carries the Byzantine Madonna and Child to the cathedral in town during Ascension week. The construction of the portico began in 1674 with the **Bonaccorsi arch** by **Gian Giacomo Monti** at the old gate of Porta Saragozza. Monti is also the architect of the final design of the portico at the foot of the hill, which is characterised by an extremely pleasant and simple style, later imitated by **Carlo Francesco Dotti**, his successor from the second decade of the 18th century. The final hilly stretch, designed by Dotti, is instead characterised by the dynamic succession of different perspectives and vanishing points up to the final view of the Sanctuary.



# 3. Villa Spada and Museum of Tapestry

# Via di Casaglia, 3

The Neoclassical Villa Spada stands on the Zambeccari marquises' ancient estate in the part of the building called 'Casino Zambeccari', first mentioned in 1774. The villa has housed the Museum of Tapestry "Vittorio Zironi" since 1990. Today the museum houses over six thousand pieces, which amongst them include Italian, Middle Eastern, Asian, and other non-European fabrics. Lace, embroideries, fringes, bows, upholsterer's tools and accessories, such as sewing machines and upholstery nails, are exhibited on the three floors of the villa.

www.museibologna.it/arteantica



# **3. Meloncello Arch** Via Saragozza, 235

One can begin the walk up to the Sanctuary of the Madonna of San Luca at the Meloncello Arch situated along via Saragozza. The arch was designed by architect **Carlo Francesco Dotti**, who was most likely assisted by **Francesco Bibiena**, a stage designer. With its curved plan and massive use of free columns, this arch, together with the open area outside the basilica, is the only outdoor example of baroque architecture in Bologna.